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## Ferroelectric Integrated Photonics

Within the last years, there has been a meteoric rise of research on ferroelectrics-based integrated photonics platforms, chief among them Lithium Niobate. Lithium niobate is the workhorse of electro-optical modulator technology due to its high Pockels (i.e. electro-optical) coefficient, and low optical loss. These circuits offer ultra-fast, linear, and efficient optical modulation allowing CMOS-compatible high-speed modulators operating at volt levels, for applications ranging from data-center communications to quantum transduction, neuromorphic computing or ultra-fast tunable lasers.

In this talk I will summarize our recent work on the development of ultra-low loss integrated photonic circuits based on thin-film ferroelectric materials. High-quality photonic integrated circuits are either fabricated via wafer-bonding of unprocessed thin films to functional silicon nitride photonic Damascene passive components or via direct physical etching of the thin film to form the waveguide core using a diamond-like-carbon hard mask. We achieve waveguide propagation losses of less than 0.1 dB/cm in all platforms lowest achieved losses in the range of 3 dB/m. I will discuss the application of ferroelectric integrated photonics for ultra-fast tunable lasers for frequency -modulated continuous wave LiDAR achieving modulation frequencies as high as 10 MHz with GHz continuous tuning range and dissipative Kerr soliton generation.

Lastly, I will present very recent experimental and theoretical results on the fundamental thermodynamic noise limit of the laser linewidth and the observation of a novel thermodynamical noise mechanism that is not driven by temperature fluctuations but by charge density fluctuations and which we have observed for the first time in integrated optical microring resonators.

### References

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